Gypsies, Roma and Travellers want a better future for their children and value the literacy that comes with formal education. However, many also fear that schools will weaken their children’s identity and values. In a UK survey, three-quarters of Gypsy Travellers said they had been picked on by other pupils because of their background. In Central and Eastern Europe, Roma children are often segregated from others in special schools and classes, and receive an inferior education.

**Myth 5**

Gypsy culture is built on strict codes of cleanliness, including strict guidelines on what objects can be washed in what bowls. Most Gypsies, Roma and Travellers take great pride in their homes.

**Reality**

**Myth 6**

Gypsies, Roma and Travellers don’t want to send their children to school.

**Reality**

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**Facts**

In a survey covering Bulgaria, the Czech Republic, Hungary, Romania and Slovakia, almost two-thirds of respondents said they were refused employment because they were Roma.

In the UK, Gypsy and Traveller mothers are 20 times more likely than the rest of the population to have experienced the death of a child.
As in any other community, some Gypsies are involved in crime. But there is no evidence that criminality is higher among Gypsies, Roma and Travellers than other groups. The proportion of Gypsies, Roma and Travellers in the UK mainstream prison population is smaller than their proportion of the general population.

As an ethnic group, Gypsies and Roma have a nomadic heritage but today, 90 per cent of Gypsies and Roma across the world live in houses. In Eastern Europe and Italy, the vast majority of Roma live in houses. Although their housing conditions are often much worse than those of the non-Roma population. However, many Gypsies and Travellers in Western Europe, particularly in France (about 15 per cent), Ireland and the UK (50 per cent) lead nomadic or semi-nomadic lifestyles.

Gypsies, Roma and Travellers often start work younger, with traditional skills being passed down to the next generation. There is a strong work ethic, based on the need to survive. Because of discrimination and a lack of formal qualifications, many prefer (or are forced into) self-employment. Under UK immigration rules, Roma from Bulgaria and Romania (like other citizens of those countries) are restricted to self-employment unless they have a work permit as highly skilled workers or seasonal agricultural workers. Under UK immigration rules, Roma from Bulgaria and Romania (like other citizens of those countries) are restricted to self-employment unless they have a work permit as highly skilled workers or seasonal agricultural workers.

Myth 1: They are Criminal
Reality: As in any other community, some Gypsies are involved in crime. But there is no evidence that criminality is higher among Gypsies, Roma and Travellers than other groups.

Myth 2: They are Nomadic and they all live in Caravans
Reality: As an ethnic group, Gypsies and Roma have a nomadic heritage but today, 90 per cent of Gypsies and Roma across the world live in houses.

Myth 3: They are Workshy
Reality: Gypsies, Roma and Travellers often start work younger, with traditional skills being passed down to the next generation. There is a strong work ethic, based on the need to survive. Because of discrimination and a lack of formal qualifications, many prefer (or are forced into) self-employment.

Myth 4: They don’t contribute to society and don’t pay their taxes
Reality: Gypsies, Roma and Travellers have been part of European society for centuries, practising a range of occupations including metalwork, small-scale trading and agricultural labour. Those who are socially advantaged also pay taxes like anyone else. In the UK, Gypsies and Travellers living on privately owned or Council sites pay Council Tax, rent and other charges.
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Reality

Gypsies, Roma, and Travellers have been part of European society for centuries, practising a range of occupations including metal-work, small-scale trading and agricultural labour. Their music, storytelling, and art have long been part of European culture. Those who are employed or self-employed pay taxes like anyone else. In the UK, Gypsies and Travellers living on privately owned or Council sites pay Council Tax, rent and other charges.
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REALITY
Gypsies, Roma and Travellers have been part of European society for centuries, practising a range of occupations including metalwork, small-scale trading and agricultural labour. Those who are not formally employed often have jobs that are part-time, casual or self-employed. They are subject to discrimination and often pay taxes when they are employed.

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Sources: Amnesty International, Equality and Human Rights Commission Scotland, Ormiston Children and Families Trust, Travellers Times

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