URGENT ACTION

ARTIST'S PRETRIAL DETENTION EXTENDED AGAIN

On 29 July a court extended the pretrial detention of artist Aleksandra Skochilenko until 1 September, following a letter from the Centre for Combating Extremism claiming that Aleksandra Skochilenko is part of a "radical protest feminist group" without providing any evidence. She maintains she had never heard of this group before. Aleksandra Skochilenko was arrested in April and accused of replacing price tags with anti-war information in a supermarket. Despite not having committed any internationally recognized crime, she faces up to 10 years in prison. She has a serious health condition and placing her in pretrial detention, where she is not receiving the appropriate diet and necessary medical care, puts her health and wellbeing at risk.

TAKE ACTION: WRITE AN APPEAL IN YOUR OWN WORDS OR USE THIS MODEL LETTER

Melnik Viktor Dmitrievich Prosecutor of Saint Petersburg 2/9 Pochtamtskaya street Saint Petersburg 190000 Russian Federation

Dear Prosecutor,

I am writing to urge you to stop the prosecution of **Aleksandra Skochilenko** who is facing charges of "disseminating knowingly false information about the use of the Russian Armed Forces" (Article 207.3 of the Criminal Code). She is accused of swapping price tags in a Saint Petersburg supermarket for anti-war information. It does not constitute an internationally recognized crime. Aleksandra Skochilenko is a prisoner of conscience, deprived of her freedom solely for exercising of her right to freedom of expression.

Aleksandra Skochilenko is a songwriter and artist from Saint Petersburg. She is known internationally for her work on destigmatizing mental illnesses and has helped many people inside and outside Russia.

Aleksandra Skochilenko suffers from celiac disease (genetic gluten intolerance) and according to her lawyer, the authorities in the pretrial detention centre continue to deny her the appropriate diet and the medical care she urgently needs and continue restricting her access to parcels with adequate food from her family. Aleksandra Skochilenko has lost considerable weight and her health and wellbeing have seriously deteriorated in detention. If she consumes gluten, there is a risk that organ failure or oncological and autoimmune diseases may start to develop. This neglect of her healthcare places her in serious danger.

In light of the above, I urge you to:

- Drop all charges against Aleksandra Skochilenko and release her immediately and unconditionally;
- Pending that, ensure that Aleksandra Skochilenko is held in conditions that meet international standards and provide the adequate medical treatment she may require at the same standard of health care that is available in the community, including by urgently guaranteeing Aleksandra can access an appropriate diet.

Yours sincerely,

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Aleksandra Skochilenko is a well-known songwriter and artist from St. Petersburg. She writes songs, creates comic books and cartoons, organises concerts and jam sessions. She also wrote "Book About Depression" which helped many people and contributed to destigmatizing mental illnesses. The book has become extremely popular and has been reprinted several times and translated into various languages. It also has inspired many videos and exhibitions.

Aleksandra Skochilenko is accused of replacing price tags in local supermarkets with anti-war information, including about those killed during the shelling of the Mariupol Drama Theatre. She has been charged with "public dissemination of deliberately false information about the use of the Armed Forces of the Russian Federation" under recently added Article 207.3(2) of the Criminal Code. She faces 5 to 10 years in prison if convicted.

On 11 April, police searched Aleksandra Skochilenko's home and arrested and interrogated her until 3am the next morning. On 13 April, the Vasileostrovsky District Court placed her in pre-trial detention until 1 June 2022. Her pre-trial detention has been subsequently extended.

Aleksandra Skochilenko suffers from celiac disease and requires a special gluten-free diet. On 20 April it was reported that her health had deteriorated due to lack of access to adequate food. On 21 April her lawyer informed Amnesty International that the detention centre had finally allowed her to have a food parcel from her family that catered to her medical requirements.

However, on 23 April she was transferred from a temporary detention centre to a pre-trial detention centre and on 25 April one her lawyers visited her and reported that her health condition was getting worse, as she was not being provided with the diet she required or allowed food provided by her family. Aleksandra Skochilenko felt weak much of the time. She was also being subjected to psychological pressure from detention centre guards and her cellmates.

On 7 May, after information on Aleksandra Skochilenko's treatment was published by media, she was transferred to a double cell with a cellmate who did not harass her.

On 8 June, Aleksandra Skochilenko was taken to a psychiatric hospital for an expert opinion on her mental health. She spent three weeks there even though an expert diagnosis usually takes one day and can be carried out in the pre-trial detention centre. During her stay there her health continued to deteriorate. Doctors refused to share medical information about Aleksandra Skochilenko with her partner on the grounds that she is not a close relative despite an official request made by Aleksandra Skochilenko to recognise her partner as such. The hospital also refused to share this information with Aleksandra Skochilenko's lawyer. Aleksandra Skochilenko complained that she was experiencing severe pain in her chest and abdomen, but doctors failed to carry out any tests arguing staffing shortages.

On 28 June, Aleksandra Skochilenko was transferred back to the pre-trial detention centre. Her partner requested Aleksandra Skochilenko's medical records again, but the authorities did not provide them. Aleksandra Skochilenko was once again denied the medical treatment she needed.

On 30 June, the Centre for Combating Extremism (Centre "E", a police unit that specializes in monitoring and prosecuting political opposition and government's critics) submitted a report claiming that Aleksandra Skochilenko is a member of a "radical protest feminist group" called the "Eighth Initiative Group". Aleksandra Skochilenko claims that she has never heard of this group. The report was submitted to justify the prolonged detention of Aleksandra Skochilenko. However, she and her lawyers believe that this claim may be used against her later.

At the Pre-Trial Detention Centre, Aleksandra Skochilenko was being provided with gluten-free food at least once a day for lunch, but she was not able to eat breakfast or dinner. Aleksandra Skochilenko has already lost a lot of weight which puts her health at risk of further deterioration. In addition, the investigating team has declared her partner a witness in the criminal case, which means they are not allowed to see each other. Her partner has unsuccessfully filed several requests to be able to visit Aleksandra Skochilenko.

On 1 August, Aleksandra Skochilenko was transferred to a Temporary Detention Centre, a smaller facility, where she may face further issues to access the diet and medical care her condition requires.

PREFERRED LANGUAGE TO ADDRESS TARGET: Russian

You can also write in your own language.

PLEASE TAKE ACTION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE UNTIL: 27 September 2022

Please check with the Amnesty office in your country if you wish to send appeals after the deadline.

NAME AND PREFFERED PRONOUN: Aleksandra Skochilenko (she, her)

LINK TO PREVIOUS UA: https://www.amnesty.org/en/documents/eur46/5692/2022/en/

ADDITIONAL TARGET

Mr Andrei Kelin **Embassy of the Russian Federation (Main Building)** 6/7 Kensington Palace Gardens, London, W8 4QP Fax: 020 7727 8625 Email: <u>kanc@rusemb.org.uk</u>