

URGENT ACTION

TEACHER RELEASED BUT CONVICTION UPHELD

On 10 May, human rights defender Jeannot Randriamanana - who had been in arbitrary detention for two months- was granted provisional release. On 12 July, the Court of Appeal of Fianarantsoa upheld his conviction and two-year suspended sentence on the charges of “defamation and humiliation of members of Parliament and public servants and identity fraud”. Jeannot Randriamanana was convicted solely for the peaceful exercise of his right to freedom of expression when he denounced on Facebook the alleged mismanagement and embezzlement of humanitarian aid by several authority figures in the district of Nosy Varika, in east Madagascar.

TAKE ACTION: WRITE AN APPEAL IN YOUR OWN WORDS OR USE THIS MODEL LETTER

Minister of Justice

François Rakotozafy

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Dear Minister François Rakotozafy,

I am writing to bring to your attention the case of **Jeannot Randriamanana**, a human rights defender and public-school teacher in Madagascar's central-eastern coastal city of Mananjary.

On 12 July, the Court of Appeal of Fianarantsoa upheld the sentence of the Criminal Court of Mananjary that convicted Jeannot Randriamanana and handed him a two-year suspended sentence.

On 17 March, the Criminal Court of Mananjary sentenced Jeannot Randriamanana to two years of imprisonment for “defamation and humiliation of members of Parliament and public servants” (under article 20 of the 2014 Law 2014-006) and identity fraud (article 258 of the Penal Code). Jeannot Randriamanana was convicted simply for peacefully exercising his right to freedom of expression when he in late February denounced on social media the alleged mismanagement and embezzlement of humanitarian aid by several authority figures in the district of Nosy Varika, in east Madagascar, following the impact of cyclones, Batsirai and Emnati, that hit the country on 5 and 23 February respectively. On 21 March, his lawyers filed an appeal against the sentence.

On 10 May, the Court of Appeal of Fianarantsoa granted provisional release to Jeannot Randriamanana - who had been in arbitrary detention for two months - and adjourned the hearing to 14 June. The Court then held the hearing on 14 June and issued the verdict on 12 July that upheld the current sentencing of two years of suspended prison term. Jeannot Randriamanana's lawyers filed an appeal against the sentence before the Supreme Court of Madagascar (Cour de Cassation). The Supreme Court is yet to set a date for the appeal.

In light of the above, I urge you to immediately drop all the charges against Jeannot Randriamanana and ensure that the verdict is quashed as he is being punished solely for peacefully exercising his rights to freedom of expression and information. I also urge you to ensure that other Malagasy human rights defenders and whistleblowers are not harassed, intimidated or detained under trumped-up charges for exposing and denouncing cases of corruption, and to accelerate the process of adopting the law on the protection of human rights defenders and activists, including whistleblowers.

Yours sincerely,

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Jeannot Randriamanana is a 38-year-old public secondary school teacher living and working in Mananjary, in the region of Vatovavy, in the center east of Madagascar. He is a father of four children aged 18, 14, 9 and 4 years old. In addition to his work as a public schoolteacher, he also works as a communication officer for the local branch of the NGO, *Independent Observatory of Economic, Social and Cultural Rights in Madagascar* (Observatoire Indépendant des Droits Economiques, Sociaux et Culturels à Madagascar - OIDESCM). He is passionate about human rights, mainly concerned with the right to information and good governance. He has been posting on his social media about the poor state of school infrastructure in the district of Nosy Varika since December 2021. In December 2021, he exposed that he had been targeted for harassment and intimidation for denouncing cases of corruption on his social media account. Jeannot mentioned that he has received threatening messages on his Facebook from anonymous profiles.

[Cyclones Batsirai and Emnati](#) hit Madagascar on 5 and 23 February 2022. They resulted in landfalls in the districts of Nosy Varika and Mananjary, prompting a global call for international humanitarian aid. At the end of February 2022, Jeannot Randriamanana, started to denounce on social media that the local population had not received any of the humanitarian aid promised by the local authorities.

On 2 March, the Public Prosecutor brought charges against Jeannot Randriamanana for defamation and humiliation of members of Parliament and public servants and identity fraud. He was also charged with fraudulent use of the function of a journalist (identity fraud), solely for having shared information on his social media, as he never claimed to be a journalist. He was arrested on the same day and provisionally released two months later, on 10 May.

Amnesty International is concerned about the Court of Appeal of Fianarantsoa's decision to uphold Jeannot Randriamanana's conviction as it reinforces a pattern of harassment and judicial persecution of whistleblowers and human rights defenders in Madagascar. The Malagasy authorities misuse the criminal justice system to keep the accused whistleblowers and human rights defenders in judicial limbo. Thus, their human rights are severely restricted, including the rights to work and movement. [Clovis Razafimalala](#), an environmental human rights defender who repeatedly denounced the illegal trafficking of rosewood and other timber in Madagascar, has been a victim of intimidation and harassment by Malagasy authorities since 2016, with no closure on the case.

This is all part of a wider pattern of harassment and intimidation of whistleblowers and human rights defenders and repression of the rights to freedom of expression and information in Madagascar. However, whistleblowing is essential for any country that is genuinely committed to transparency, accountability and respect for human rights and the rule of law.

PREFERRED LANGUAGE TO ADDRESS TARGET: French, English

You can also write in your own language.

PLEASE TAKE ACTION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE UNTIL: 21 September 2022

Please check with the Amnesty office in your country if you wish to send appeals after the deadline.

NAME AND PRONOUN: Jeannot Randriamanana (he/him)

LINK TO PREVIOUS UA: <https://www.amnesty.org/en/documents/AFR35/5551/2022/en/>

ADDITIONAL TARGETS

Prime Minister of Madagascar

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