

URGENT ACTION

MEMBER OF PEACE AGREEMENT BODY DETAINED

Kanybil Noon, a South Sudanese civil society activist in his 30s and a representative of civil society on the Strategic Defence and Security Review Board (SDSR) of the peace agreement, is arbitrarily detained at the National Security Service (NSS) headquarters, known as 'Blue House', without access to his family and lawyer. His detention followed his arbitrary arrest by the NSS in Juba on 29 May 2020.

TAKE ACTION: WRITE AN APPEAL IN YOUR OWN WORDS OR USE THIS MODEL LETTER

President of the Republic of South Sudan
Salva Kiir Mayardit
Twitter: @RepSouthSudan and @PresSalva
C/O Embassy of the Republic of South Sudan
22-25 Portman Close, W1H 6BS
020 36872366
info@embrss.org.uk
www.embrss.org.uk

Your Excellency President Salva Kiir,

I am writing to bring your attention to the case of **Kanybil Noon**, a South Sudanese youth activist and a member of the Strategic Defence and Security Review Board of the 2018 revitalized peace agreement, who was arbitrarily arrested by the National Security Service (NSS) in Juba on 29 May 2020. Kanybil is currently detained at the NSS headquarters, known as 'Blue House', without access to his family and lawyer. It is unclear whether Kanybil has been informed of any charges against him.

In late 2019, Kanybil Noon was charged with defamation, a case initiated by the Director of the Internal Security Bureau of the South Sudan National Security Service, Akol Koor, in connection with Kanybil's writings on Facebook and a letter addressed to your Excellency in which he critically expressed himself about Akol Koor. At the time of Kanybil's arrest on 29 May 2020, this defamation case was still ongoing.

I urge you to:

- **Ensure that Kanybil Noon, is released immediately, or handed over to the police, brought to court and charged with a recognizable criminal offence in accordance with international law and standards;**
- **Ensure that Kanybil Noon is granted regular access to his family, any healthcare he may require from a qualified medical practitioner, and his lawyer.**
- **Ensure that Kanybil Noon is not subjected to torture or other ill-treatment while in detention.**

Yours sincerely,

AMNESTY
INTERNATIONAL



ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Since the start of South Sudan's internal armed conflict in December 2013, hundreds of people, mostly men, have been detained under the authority of the National Security Service (NSS) and Military Intelligence Directorate in various detention facilities across the capital city, Juba. Many of those who have been detained have been held under the category of "political detainees" on allegations that they have communicated with or supported the opposition. Others, for instance [Michael Wetnhialic](#) was detained multiple times for criticizing the Director of the NSS on Facebook.

Amnesty International has [documented](#) numerous arbitrary detentions by the NSS in multiple facilities where detainees are often subjected to torture and other ill-treatment – some held incommunicado without access to a lawyer, or family members. Others have been forcibly disappeared. Prolonged and arbitrary detention, as well as enforced disappearances and torture and other ill-treatment have all been frequently used by the authorities in South Sudan since the initial outbreak of the conflict in December 2013.

For instance, [Peter Biar Ajak](#), a prominent South Sudanese academic and activist, was arrested by the National Security Service (NSS) at Juba International Airport on Saturday 28 July. He was held at the NSS Headquarters in Juba. On 11 June 2019 a South Sudanese court sentenced Biar to prison for promoting public violence and disturbing the peace in what [Amnesty International](#) called a 'sham trial' and he was transferred to Juba Central Prison. President Salva Kiir pardoned Biar in January 2020 after which he was released.

Dong Samuel Luak, a prominent South Sudanese lawyer and human rights activist, and Aggrey Idrey Idri, a government critic and member of the Sudan People's Liberation Movement-in-Opposition (SPLM-IO), went missing in Nairobi, Kenya on 23 and 24 January 2017. Credible sources indicated to Amnesty International that they were then seen at the NSS headquarters in Juba. They were removed from this facility on the night of 27 January 2017. In April 2019, the UN Panel of Experts on South Sudan issued a report which concluded that it was "highly probable" that the two outspoken critics were extrajudicially executed by NSS agents while being held in a facility on the President's farm in Luri on the outskirts of Juba on 30 January 2017.

In the NSS prison headquarters in the Jebel Neighbourhood ('Blue House'), detainees are badly beaten, especially during interrogation, or as a form of punishment. Due to the poor conditions of the prisons, as well as inadequate access to medical care, the health of those detained often deteriorates.

South Sudan's political environment has remained intolerant of criticism of government actions and policies, leading to intimidation, harassment and detention of civil society activists, human rights defenders and independent journalists. This has led to an environment of self-censorship for media and human rights workers where, with the pervasive state surveillance, people no longer feel safe to speak freely and openly about the conflict and human rights situation.

PREFERRED LANGUAGE TO ADDRESS TARGET: English

PLEASE TAKE ACTION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE UNTIL: 4 August 2020.

Please check with the Amnesty office in your country if you wish to send appeals after the deadline.

NAME AND PREFERRED PRONOUN: *Kanybil Noon (he/his/him)*

SOCIAL MEDIA GUIDANCE

@PresSalva, activist and member of the SDRS Board Kanybil Noon was arrested on 29 May without charge by the #SouthSudan National Security Service. It is unclear what he was arrested for. Release Kanybil Noon now or charge him with a recognizable offense under international law.

@RJMECSouthSudan, activist and member of the SDRS Board Kanybil Noon was arrested on 29 May without charge by the #SouthSudan National Security Service. It is unclear what he was arrested for. Call on gov't to release him now or charge him with a recognizable offense under int law.