## **URGENT ACTION**

## RIGHTS DEFENDER FACING TRUMPED-UP CHARGES

The trial of Server Mustafayev has started, following his transfer to a detention centre in Rostov-on-Don, southwest Russia. Server Mustafayev is a human rights defender from Russian-occupied Crimea who has been in detention since May 2018, under false terrorism-related charges. He is a prisoner of conscience, targeted solely for his human rights activism, and must be released immediately and unconditionally.

## TAKE ACTION: WRITE AN APPEAL IN YOUR OWN WORDS OR USE THIS MODEL LETTER

Prosecutor General of the Russian Federation

Yuriy Yakovlevich Chaika Prosecutor General's Office Ul. B. Dmitrovka, d. 15a 125993 Moscow GSP-3 Russian Federation

Date: 29 November 2019

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Dear Prosecutor General,

I am writing concerning the case of **Server Mustafayev**, a human rights defender from Crimea, who is being prosecuted under trumped-up terrorism-related charges and faces up to 25 years in prison if convicted.

Server Mustafayev has been in detention since May 2018. During this time, he has been subjected to conditions that amount to inhuman and degrading treatment, including while he was held in SIZO-1 in Krasdonar. Since his transfer to detention centre SIZO-1 in Rostov-on-Don on 3 November, Sever Mustafayev has been denied the possibility to practice his Muslim religion, including the possibility to hold all the prayers his faith requires. He has also been served food which his faith prohibits, including meals containing pork.

He is standing trial before a military court, which violates his right to a fair trial. Moreover, his transfer from Crimea to the Russian city of Rostov-on-Don, 700 km from his home, is a violation of international humanitarian

Server Mustafayev is the founder and coordinator of the grassroots movement Crimean Solidarity. The movement was created on 9 April 2016 to provide solidarity and support to victims of political and religious persecution that followed Russian occupation of Crimea. The charges against Server Mustafayev are trumped up and have been levied in retaliation for his human rights work. He is a prisoner of conscience and should be freed immediately and unconditionally.

I urge you to take all the necessary steps to ensure that:

- Server Mustafayev is released immediately and unconditionally, and all charges against him are dropped;
- In the meantime, he is not subjected to torture and other ill-treatment, including via practices that target him on the basis of his Muslim faith.

Yours sincerely,

## ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

People who have opposed the Crimean Peninsula's occupation and illegal annexation by Russia and human rights violations committed there since 2014 have faced persecution; including harassment, prosecution under trumped-up charges and enforced disappearances. International human rights monitors do not have access to Crimea and independent media are either banned or forced to shut down.

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Server Mustafayev is the founder and coordinator of the grassroots movement, Crimean Solidarity, in Russian-occupied Crimea. The movement was created on 9 April 2016, in response to the political and religious persecution of Crimean Tatars and other groups by the Russian authorities. The movement brings together activists, lawyers, and relatives of those who have been arrested and prosecuted; ensuring they can access legal aid, financial, medical and other vital support. In the absence of free media, and in light of persecution of all dissenting voices in Crimea since its illegal annexation by Russia in 2014, the movement also seeks to raise awareness about the ongoing human rights violations taking place in Crimea.

On 21 May 2018, Server Mustafayev's house in Bakhchisaray, a town in southern Crimea, was searched by members of the Russian security service (FSB). He was then taken to the local FSB headquarters in Simferopol, the capital of Crimea, and charged with "membership of a terrorist organisation" (part 2 of Article 205.5 of the Russian Criminal Code) over his alleged links to Hizb ut-Tahrir, an international Islamic organisation that is banned as a "terrorist" organisation in Russia, but is legal in Ukraine. Its members have not engaged in, nor advocated violence, in Crimea neither before nor after the peninsula's occupation in 2014. Alleged membership of Hizb ut-Tahrir has been used by the Russian authorities in occupied Crimea as a pretext for prosecution of dissenting voices, including human rights defender Emir-Usein Kuku.

On 22 May, the court in Simferopol ordered Server Mustafayev's pre-trial detention, which has been prolonged repeatedly since. Server Mustafayev's lawyer told Amnesty International that the only evidence against him is an audio-recording of his brief remarks, including a question he asked during a religious lecture held at a mosque in Bakhchisaray on 2 December 2016. He asked if one can love a person "in general" yet hate the same person for a particular action and elaborated his point, without anything that could be seen as inciting hatred or violence.

The lecture was attended by about 70 other people and was advertised openly in advance. Yet the investigation concluded that Server Mustafayev was taking part in a secret Hizb ut-Tahrir gathering. On 22 February, Server Mustafayev was additionally charged with "conspiring to seize power by violent means" (Article 278 of the Russian Criminal Code). The investigation has failed to provide any evidence that Server Mustafayev has committed an internationally recognised crime. Server Mustafayev denies he was involved in any "terrorist" activities. The charges against him carry up to 25 years in prison.

Seven other men were charged with terrorism-related charges as part of this case. Marlen Asanov, Timur Ibragimov, Server Zekeryayev, Seyran Saliyev, Ernest Ametov and Memet Belyalov were detained on 11 October 2017. Edem Smailov was detained on 21 May 2018. All of them are incriminated on the basis of recordings of their attendance at the December 2016 lecture in Bakhchisaray mosque and other meetings.

The first court hearing in Server Mustafayev's case was scheduled to take place on 17 September 2019 in North Caucasus District Military Court in Rostov-on-Don, southwestern Russia. On 12 September 2019, Server Mustafayev was transferred from Crimea to Russia, but instead of Rostov-on-Don he was delivered to the city of Krasnodar and placed in the detention centre, SIZO-1, on 13 September. By transferring prisoners from an occupied territory to Russia, trying them under Russian law and making them stand trial in a military court, the Russian authorities are violating international humanitarian and human rights law.

PREFERRED LANGUAGE TO ADDRESS TARGET: Russian, English.

You can also write in your own language.

PLEASE TAKE ACTION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE UNTIL: 10 January 2020

Please check with the Amnesty office in your country if you wish to send appeals after the deadline.

NAME AND PREFFERED PRONOUN: Server Mustafayev (he/his)

LINK TO PREVIOUS UA: https://www.amnesty.org/en/documents/eur46/1351/2019/en/

ADDITIONAL TARGETS: Embassy of Russia, 6/7 Kensington Palace Gardens, Kensington, London W8 4QP