

# URGENT ACTION

## PEACEFUL PASHTUN ACTIVISTS FACE CRIMINAL CASES

**Criminal cases have been filed against Manzoor Pashteen and other leaders of the Pashtun Tahaffuz Movement (Movement for the Protection of Pashtuns), for peacefully calling for equality and justice for human rights violations against the Pashtun community.**

A “first information report”, effectively a criminal complaint, was filed by the police against **Manzoor Pashteen, Haji Hidayatullah, Ali Wazir, Khan Zaman Kakar and Nawab Ayaz Khan Jomezai** at Qilla Saifullah station in the south-western Pakistan province of Balochistan, on 13 March 2018. Under draconian sections of the Pakistan Criminal Code Criminal, the men are accused of “provoking with intent to cause riot” and “promoting enmity between different groups” (under section 153 and 153a respectively).

The trumped-up cases appear to be an attempt to smear the Pashtun Tahaffuz Movement (PTM) and punish its leaders for exercising their rights to freedom of expression and freedom of assembly. The PTM has up to now been a peaceful, grassroots movement demanding equality for Pakistan’s Pashtun community, which has suffered systemic discrimination and human rights violations.

Coming to prominence after a thousand-strong sit-in protest in Islamabad in February 2018, the PTM have continued to peacefully demand equality and justice for human rights violations across the country following a lack of progress by the civilian government to uphold their commitments. The latest rally, of what has become known as the “Pashtun Long March”, took place in Zhob, Balochistan days before the criminal cases were filed.

**Please write immediately in English, Urdu, or your own language to call on the authorities to:**

- Immediately drop criminal cases against Manzoor Pashteen and other leaders of the Pashtun Tahaffuz Movement;
- Respect and protect the Pashtun Tahaffuz Movement’s rights to freedom of expression and freedom of peaceful assembly;
- Adopt and implement legislation which recognizes and protects human rights defenders; and repeal or amend legislation that violates the rights to freedom of peaceful assembly and association or place obstacles in the way of legitimate activities to promote and defend human rights.

### PLEASE SEND APPEALS BEFORE 30 APRIL 2018 TO:

Inspector General of Police, Balochistan

Mr. Moazzam Jah Ansari  
Central Police Office  
Quetta, Balochistan  
Pakistan  
Fax: +92 81 920 1267  
Email: blncpo@yahoo.com  
Salutation: Dear Inspector General

Chief Minister of Balochistan

Mir Abdul Quddos Bizenjo  
Chief Minister Secretariat  
Quetta, Pakistan  
Phone +92 81 920 1173  
Fax: +92 81 920 2240  
Salutation: Dear Chief Minister

**And copies to:**

Foreign Secretary of Pakistan  
Tehmina Janjua  
Ministry of Foreign Affairs  
Islamabad, Pakistan  
Email : spokesperson.office@mofa.gov.pk  
Phone +92 51 921 1942  
Fax: +92 51 920 7217  
Twitter: @TehminaJanjua

**Also send copies to diplomatic representatives accredited to your country.** HIS EXCELLENCY MR SYED IBNE ABBAS, High Commission for the Islamic Republic of Pakistan, 35-36 Lowndes Square SW1X 9JN tel: 020 7664 9284 Fax 020 7664 9224 or 020 7664 9227 (Ambassador’s office) email: poldiv@phclondon.org and [cwg@phclondon.org](mailto:cwd@phclondon.org) and [suggestions@phclondon.org](mailto:suggestions@phclondon.org) web: [www.phclondon.org](http://www.phclondon.org) facebook: <https://www.facebook.com/pakistanhighcommissionuk> twitter: <https://twitter.com/phclondon> Salutation: Your Excellency

**Please check with your section office if sending appeals after the above date.**

**AMNESTY  
INTERNATIONAL**



# URGENT ACTION

## PEACEFUL PASHTUN ACTIVISTS FACE CRIMINAL CHARGES

### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The Pashtun Tahaffuz Movement (PTM) came to prominence after the extrajudicial execution of Naqeebullah Mehsud in Karachi, the capital of the Pakistani province of Sindh, in January. Mehsud, who owned a clothing store and established a social media presence as a model, was the victim of an extrajudicial execution by the Karachi police after they alleged that he was a fighter with the Pakistani Taliban. A three-member inquiry, headed by Additional Inspector General of the Counter-Terrorism Department Dr Sanaullah Abbasi, established that Mehsud had no links with the armed group. Rao Anwar, a senior Karachi police officer, was found to be responsible for Mehsud's killing and consequently has fled into hiding.

Naqeebullah Mehsud's killing sparked large protests, led by Manzoor Pashteen, the 26-year-old leader of the PTM, demanding Rao Anwar be held accountable; an end to extrajudicial executions; the clearing of landmines in the South Waziristan tribal area, where the Mehsud tribe is from; and for all victims of enforced disappearances to be produced in court.

The PTM's peaceful protests attracted large numbers of Pashtuns aggrieved by the systemic discrimination they have faced over the past two decades as the Pakistani security forces waged military operations against the Pakistani Taliban based in the tribal areas. The operations involved large scale displacements, harassment and surveillance, arbitrary detentions, extrajudicial executions and enforced disappearances.

In February 2018, the PTM held a thousand-strong rally in Islamabad to reiterate its demands for equality and justice for human rights violations. Protestors came in large numbers from different parts of the country – Karachi, the Swat Valley, and the tribal areas. The protests were shunned by the mainstream media, suspected to be a result of pressure from the authorities to limit any publicity of the events. Nevertheless, the civilian government did meet with the protest's leaders and signed an agreement assuring them that their concerns would be heard. With that assurance, the protestors dispersed.

Since then, there has been no progress on the commitments made by the civilian government. Meanwhile, the PTM's "Pashtun Long March", as the protests are popularly known, has taken its demands to other parts of the country. The latest rally took place in Zhob in Balochistan. The criminal cases against Manzoor Pashteen and other leaders of the PTM were filed just days later.

The criminal cases also came as Pakistan's Universal Periodic Review was coming to an end at the UN Human Rights Council in Geneva, where Pakistan accepted recommendations from several states to protect freedom of expression and human rights defenders – commitments that are being called into question in light of the cases against the PTM. Pakistan was elected to the UN Human Rights Council in October 2017 and started its term in January 2018. As a member of the Council, it is expected to "uphold the highest standards in the promotion and protection of human rights".

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